

PRODUCT NAME: NITROGEN
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### 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

BOC Gases,  
Division of,  
The BOC Group, Inc.  
575 Mountain Avenue  
Murray Hill, NJ 07974

BOC Gases  
Division of  
BOC Canada Limited  
5975 Falbourne Street, Unit 2  
Mississauga, Ontario L5R 3W6

TELEPHONE NUMBER: (908) 464-8100  
24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE  
NUMBER: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

TELEPHONE NUMBER: (905) 501-1700  
24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE  
NUMBER: (905) 501-0802  
EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN NO: 2-0101

PRODUCT NAME: NITROGEN  
CHEMICAL NAME: Nitrogen  
COMMON NAMES/SYNONYMS: Nitrogen, compressed; Nitrogen gas  
TDG (Canada) CLASSIFICATION: 2.2  
WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: A

PREPARED BY: Loss Control (908)464-8100/(905)501-1700  
PREPARATION DATE: 6/1/95  
REVIEW DATES: 6/1/99

### 2. Composition, Information on Ingredients

#### EXPOSURE LIMITS<sup>1</sup>:

INGREDIENT	% VOLUME	PEL-OSHA <sup>2</sup>	TLV-ACGIH <sup>3</sup>	LD <sub>50</sub> or LC <sub>50</sub> Route/Species
Nitrogen FORMULA: N <sub>2</sub> CAS: 7727-37-9 RTECS #: QW9700000	99.995 to 99.999	None Established	Simple Asphyxiant	Not Available

<sup>1</sup> Refer to individual state of provincial regulations, as applicable, for limits which may be more stringent than those listed here.

<sup>2</sup> As stated in 29 CFR 1910, Subpart Z (revised July 1, 1993)

<sup>3</sup> As stated in the ACGIH 1998-1999 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents.

OSHA Regulatory Status: This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

### 3. Hazards Identification

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Odorless, colorless, nonflammable gas. Simple Asphyxiant - This product does not contain oxygen and may cause asphyxia if released in a confined area. Maintain oxygen levels above 19.5%. Contents under pressure. Use and store below 125 °F.

**PRODUCT NAME: NITROGEN**

**ROUTE OF ENTRY:**

Skin Contact No	Skin Absorption No	Eye Contact No	Inhalation Yes	Ingestion No
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**HEALTH EFFECTS:**

Exposure Limits No	Irritant No	Sensitization No
Teratogen No	Reproductive Hazard No	Mutagen No
Synergistic Effects None reported		

Carcinogenicity: -- NTP: No IARC: No OSHA: No

**EYE EFFECTS:**

No adverse effects anticipated.

**SKIN EFFECTS:**

No adverse effects anticipated.

**INGESTION EFFECTS:**

No adverse effects anticipated.

**INHALATION EFFECTS:**

Product is a non-toxic simple asphyxiant. Effects of oxygen deficiency resulting from simple asphyxiants may include: rapid breathing, diminished mental alertness, impaired muscular coordination, faulty judgement, depression of all sensations, emotional instability, and fatigue. As asphyxiation progresses, nausea, vomiting, prostration, and loss of consciousness may result, eventually leading to convulsions, coma, and death.

Oxygen deficiency during pregnancy has produced developmental abnormalities in humans and experimental animals.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:** None known.

**NFPA HAZARD CODES**

Health: 0  
Flammability: 0  
Instability: 0

**HMIS HAZARD CODES**

Health: 0  
Flammability: 0  
Reactivity: 0

**RATINGS SYSTEM**

0 = No Hazard  
1 = Slight Hazard  
2 = Moderate Hazard  
3 = Serious Hazard  
4 = Severe Hazard

**4. First Aid Measures**

**EYES:**

None required.

**SKIN:**

None required.

MSDS: G-7

Revised: 6/1/99

**PRODUCT NAME: NITROGEN**

**INGESTION:**

Ingestion is unlikely as product as a gas at room temperature.

**INHALATION:**

PROMPT MEDICAL ATTENTION IS MANDATORY IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE. RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. Victims should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. Unconscious persons should be moved to an uncontaminated area, and if breathing has stopped, administer artificial resuscitation and supplemental oxygen. Further treatment should be symptomatic and supportive.

**5. Fire Fighting Measures**

Conditions of Flammability: Nonflammable		
Flash point: None	Method: Not Applicable	Autoignition Temperature: None
LEL(%): None	UEL(%): None	
Hazardous combustion products: None		
Sensitivity to mechanical shock: None		
Sensitivity to static discharge: None		

**FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:**

Nonflammable. Cylinder may rupture violently from pressure when involved in a fire situation.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

None required. Use as appropriate for surrounding materials.

**FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:** Firefighters should wear respiratory protection (SCBA) and full turnout or Bunker gear. Continue to cool fire-exposed containers until well after flames are extinguished.

**6. Accidental Release Measures**

Evacuate all personnel from affected area. Use appropriate protective equipment. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number listed in Section 1 or call your closest BOC location.

**7. Handling and Storage**

**Electrical classification:**

Non-hazardous.

This gas mixture is noncorrosive and may be used with all common structural materials.

**MSDS: G-7**

**Revised: 6/1/99**

<b>PRODUCT NAME: NITROGEN</b>
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Use only in well-ventilated areas. Valve protection caps must remain in place unless container is secured with valve protection outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems. Do not heat cylinder by any means to increase the discharge rate of product from the cylinder. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the cylinder.

Protect cylinders from physical damage. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Do not allow the temperature where cylinders are stored to exceed 125°F (52°C). Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders being stored for excessive periods of time.

For additional recommendations, consult Compressed Gas Association Pamphlets P-1, G-10.1, P-8.1, P-9, P-16, P-18, and Safety Bulletin SB-2.

Never carry a compressed gas cylinder or a container of a gas in cryogenic liquid form in an enclosed space such as a car trunk, van or station wagon. A leak can result in a fire, explosion, asphyxiation or a toxic exposure.

## **8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protection**

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Local exhaust to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air oxygen level at or above 19.5%.

### **EYE/FACE PROTECTION:**

Safety goggles or glasses as appropriate for the job.

### **SKIN PROTECTION:**

Protective gloves of material appropriate for the job.

### **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:**

Positive pressure air line with full-face mask and escape bottle or self-contained breathing apparatus should be available for emergency use.

### **OTHER/GENERAL PROTECTION:**

Safety shoes or other footwear as appropriate for the job.

**PRODUCT NAME: NITROGEN**

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>VALUE</b>	<b>UNITS</b>
Physical state (gas, liquid, solid)	: Gas	
Vapor pressure	: Not Available	
Vapor density (Air = 1)	: 0.97	
Evaporation point	: Not Available	
Boiling point	: -320.4	°F
	: -195.8	°C
Freezing point	: -345.9	°F
	: -209.9	°C
pH	: Not Applicable	
Specific gravity	: Not Available	
Oil/water partition coefficient	: Not Available	
Solubility (H2O)	: Very slightly soluble	
Odor threshold	: Not Applicable	
Odor and appearance	: Colorless, odorless gas	

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

### STABILITY:

Stable

### INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

None

### HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Does not occur.

## 11. Toxicological Information

Oxygen deficiency during pregnancy has produced developmental abnormalities in humans and experimental animals.

No data given in the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) or Sax, Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, 7th ed.

## 12. Ecological Information

No data given.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED, WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to BOC Gases or authorized distributor for proper disposal.

**MSDS:** G-7

**Revised:** 6/1/99

**PRODUCT NAME: NITROGEN**

## 14. Transport Information

PARAMETER	United States DOT	Canada TDG
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	Nitrogen, compressed	Nitrogen, compressed
HAZARD CLASS:	2.2	2.2
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:	UN 1066	UN 1066
SHIPPING LABEL:	NONFLAMMABLE GAS	NONFLAMMABLE GAS

## 15. Regulatory Information

### SARA TITLE III NOTIFICATIONS AND INFORMATION

#### SARA TITLE III - HAZARD CLASSES:

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

## 16. Other Information

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
DOT	Department of Transportation
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TDG	Transportation of Dangerous Goods
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Compressed gas cylinders shall not be refilled without the express written permission of the owner. Shipment of a compressed gas cylinder which has not been filled by the owner or with his/her (written) consent is a violation of transportation regulations.

#### DISCLAIMER OF EXPRESSED AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES:

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

# BOC GASES

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODUCT NAME: CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS

### 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

BOC Gases,  
Division of,  
The BOC Group, Inc.  
575 Mountain Avenue  
Murray Hill, NJ 07974

BOC Gases  
Division of  
BOC Canada Limited  
5975 Falbourne Street, Unit 2  
Mississauga, Ontario L5R 3W6

TELEPHONE NUMBER: (908) 464-8100  
24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE  
NUMBER: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

TELEPHONE NUMBER: (905) 501-1700  
24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE  
NUMBER: (905) 501-0802  
EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN NO: 2-0101

PRODUCT NAME: CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS  
CHEMICAL NAME: Carbon Dioxide  
COMMON NAMES/SYNONYMS: Carbonic Anhydride  
TDG (Canada) CLASSIFICATION: 2.2  
WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: A

PREPARED BY: Loss Control (908)464-8100/(905)501-1700  
PREPARATION DATE: 6/1/95  
REVIEW DATES: 6/1/99

### 2. Composition, Information on Ingredients

#### EXPOSURE LIMITS<sup>1</sup>:

INGREDIENT	% VOLUME	PEL-OSHA <sup>2</sup>	TLV-ACGIH <sup>3</sup>	LD <sub>50</sub> or LC <sub>50</sub> Route/Species
Carbon Dioxide FORMULA: CO <sub>2</sub> CAS: 124-38-9 RTECS #: FF6400000	99.8 TO 99.999	5000 ppm TWA	5000 ppm TWA 30,000 ppm STEL	Not Available

<sup>1</sup> Refer to individual state or provincial regulations, as applicable, for limits which may be more stringent than those listed here.

<sup>2</sup> As stated in 29 CFR 1910, Subpart Z (revised July 1, 1993)

<sup>3</sup> As stated in the ACGIH 1998-1999 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents.

IDLH (Carbon Dioxide): 40,000 ppm

OSHA Regulatory Status: This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

### 3. Hazards Identification

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Odorless, colorless, nonflammable gas. Simple Asphyxiant – This product does not contain oxygen and may cause asphyxia if released in a confined area. Maintain oxygen levels above 19.5%. Carbon dioxide exposure can cause nausea and respiratory problems. High concentrations may cause vasodilation leading to circulatory collapse. Contents under pressure. Use and store below 125 °F.

**PRODUCT NAME: CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS**

**ROUTE OF ENTRY:**

Skin Contact No	Skin Absorption No	Eye Contact No	Inhalation Yes	Ingestion No
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**HEALTH EFFECTS:**

Exposure Limits Yes	Irritant No	Sensitization No
Teratogen No	Reproductive Hazard No	Mutagen No
Synergistic Effects None reported		

Carcinogenicity: -- NTP: No IARC: No OSHA: No

**EYE EFFECTS:**

No adverse effects anticipated.

**SKIN EFFECTS:**

No adverse effects anticipated.

**INGESTION EFFECTS:**

No adverse effects anticipated.

**INHALATION EFFECTS:**

Carbon dioxide is a cerebral vasodilator. Inhaling large concentrations causes rapid circulatory insufficiency leading to coma and death. Chronic, harmful effects are not known from repeated inhalation of low concentrations. Low concentrations of carbon dioxide cause increased respiration and headache.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:** None known.

**NFPA HAZARD CODES**

Health: 1  
Flammability: 0  
Instability: 0

**HMIS HAZARD CODES**

Health: 1  
Flammability: 0  
Reactivity: 0

**RATINGS SYSTEM**

0 = No Hazard  
1 = Slight Hazard  
2 = Moderate Hazard  
3 = Serious Hazard  
4 = Severe Hazard

**4. First Aid Measures**

**EYES:**

None required.

**SKIN:**

None required.

**INGESTION:**

Not anticipated.

**MSDS: G-8**

**Revised: 6/1/99**

**PRODUCT NAME: CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS**

**INHALATION:**

PROMPT MEDICAL ATTENTION IS MANDATORY IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE TO CARBON DIOXIDE. RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. Conscious persons should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. Unconscious persons should be moved to an uncontaminated area, given mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and supplemental oxygen. Further treatment should be symptomatic and supportive.

**5. Fire Fighting Measures**

Conditions of Flammability: Nonflammable		
Flash point: None	Method: Not Applicable	Autoignition Temperature: None
LEL(%): None	UEL(%): None	
Hazardous combustion products: None		
Sensitivity to mechanical shock: None		
Sensitivity to static discharge: None		

**FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:**

Nonflammable. Cylinder may rupture violently from pressure when involved in a fire situation.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

None required. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.

**FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:**

Firefighters should wear respiratory protection (SCBA) and full turnout or Bunker gear. Continue to cool fire-exposed containers until well after flames are extinguished.

**6. Accidental Release Measures**

Evacuate all personnel from affected area. Use appropriate protective equipment. If leak is in user's equipment, be certain to purge piping with inert gas prior to attempting repairs. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number listed in Section 1 or call your closest BOC location.

**7. Handling and Storage**

**Electrical Classification:**

Non-Hazardous

Dry carbon dioxide can be handled in most common structural materials. Moist carbon dioxide is generally corrosive by its formation of carbonic acid. For applications with moist Carbon Dioxide, 316, 309 and 310 stainless steels may be used as well as Hastelloy<sup>®</sup> A, B, & C, and Monel<sup>®</sup>. Ferrous Nickel alloys are slightly susceptible to corrosion. At normal temperatures carbon dioxide is compatible with most plastics and elastomers.

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Carbon dioxide vapor is heavier than air and will accumulate in low areas. Valve protection caps must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems. Do not heat cylinder by

<b>PRODUCT NAME: CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS</b>
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any means to increase the discharge rate of product from the cylinder. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the system.

Protect cylinders from physical damage. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Do not allow the temperature where cylinders are stored to exceed 125°F (52°C). Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders being stored for excessive periods of time.

For additional storage recommendations, consult Compressed Gas Association's Pamphlet P-1, AV-7, G-6, G-6.1, G-6.2, G-6.3, G-6.5, G-6.7, PS-5 and TB-10.

Never carry a compressed gas cylinder or a container of a gas in cryogenic liquid form in an enclosed space such as a car trunk, van or station wagon. A leak can result in a fire, explosion, asphyxiation or a toxic exposure.

## **8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protection**

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Local exhaust to control air contaminants to at or below acceptable exposure guidelines.

### **EYE/FACE PROTECTION:**

Safety goggles or glasses as appropriate for the job.

### **SKIN PROTECTION:**

Protective gloves of any material appropriate for the job.

### **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:**

Positive pressure air line with full-face mask and escape bottle or self-contained breathing apparatus should be available for emergency use.

### **OTHER/GENERAL PROTECTION:**

Safety shoes.

**PRODUCT NAME: CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS**

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>VALUE</b>	<b>UNITS</b>
Physical state (gas, liquid, solid)	: Gas	
Vapor pressure at 70 °F	: 856	psia
Vapor density at 70 °F, 1 atm (Air = 1)	: 1.53	
Evaporation point	: Not Available	
Boiling point (CO2 Sublimes)	: -109.3	°F
	: -78.5	°C
Freezing point	: -69.8	°F
	: -56.6	°C
pH	: Not Available	
Specific gravity	: Not Available	
Oil/water partition coefficient	: Not Available	
Solubility (H <sub>2</sub> O)	: Very soluble	
Odor threshold	: Not Applicable	
Odor and appearance	: A colorless, odorless gas.	

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

### STABILITY:

Stable

### INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium may explode.

### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Carbon monoxide and oxygen when heated above 3092 °F (1700°C). Carbonic acid is formed in the presence of moisture.

### HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

## 11. Toxicological Information

### REPRODUCTIVE:

Oxygen deficiency during pregnancy has produced developmental abnormalities in humans and experimental animals.

Exposure of female rats to 60,000 ppm carbon dioxide for 24 hours has produced toxic effects to the embryo and fetus in pregnant rats. Toxic effects to the reproductive system have been observed in other mammalian species at similar concentrations.

### OTHER:

Carbon dioxide is a cerebral vasodilator. Inhaling large concentrations may cause rapid circulatory insufficiency leading to coma and death. Chronic, harmful effects are not known from repeated inhalation of low (3 to 5 molar %) concentrations.

MSDS: G-8

Revised: 6/1/99

**PRODUCT NAME: CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS**

## 12. Ecological Information

No data given.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED, WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to BOC Gases or authorized distributor for proper disposal.

## 14. Transport Information

PARAMETER	United States DOT	Canada TDG
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	Carbon Dioxide	Carbon Dioxide
HAZARD CLASS:	2.2	2.2
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:	UN 1013	UN 1013
SHIPPING LABEL:	NONFLAMMABLE GAS	NONFLAMMABLE GAS

## 15. Regulatory Information

### SARA TITLE III NOTIFICATIONS AND INFORMATION

#### SARA TITLE III HAZARD CLASSES:

Acute Health Hazard.

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

## 16. Other Information

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
DOT	Department of Transportation
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TDG	Transportation of Dangerous Goods
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Compressed gas cylinders shall not be refilled without the express written permission of the owner. Shipment of a compressed gas cylinder which has not been filled by the owner or with his/her (written) consent is a violation of transportation regulations.

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